

1

Answering Eleven Questions



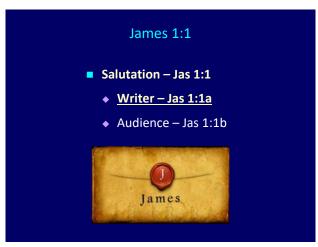
- 1) Who wrote it? <u>James</u>
- 2) What do we know about the author? <u>Christ's ½ Brother</u>
- 3) Who was the audience? Believing Jews in the Diaspora
- 4) Where was if written from? <u>Jerusalem</u>
- 5) When was the book written? A.D. 44–47
- 6) What was the book's occasion? Practical righteousness
- 7) What is the book's purpose? Achieving practical righteousness
- 8) What is the book about? Practical righteousness
- 9) What is the book's theme? <u>Daily living</u>
- 10) What makes the book different? Practicality
- 11) How is the book organized? Faith and Wisdom

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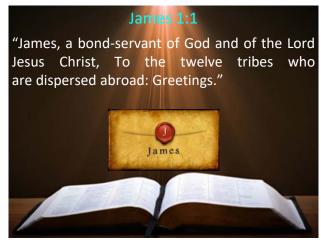
James 1:1

- Salutation Jas 1:1
 - ♦ Writer Jas 1:1a
 - ◆ Audience Jas 1:1b

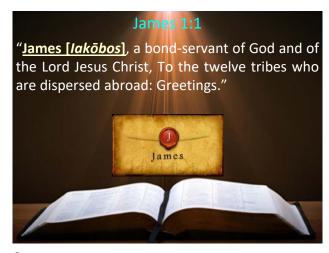




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Arnold G. Fruchtenbaum

Messianic Epistles, p. 207

"The author's name appears as James in English Bibles; however, that is only the anglicized form. His real name in the Greek text is Jacob—the same as the Jacob of Genesis. How did Jacob's name develop into 'James'? The transition proceeded as follows: In Hebrew, Jacob is Yaakov. Since the New Testament was written in Greek, and Greek does not have a 'Y' sound, the Hebrew 'Y' changed to a Greek 'I' sound. Thus, in Greek, his name is lakobos (In the same way Yeshua, the Hebrew for 'Jesus,' became leisous in Greek.)."

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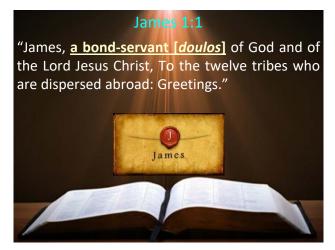


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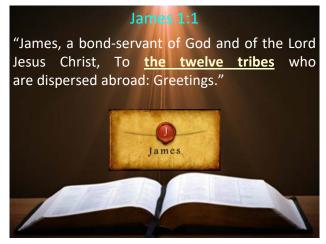
"However, the English form did not emerge directly from Greek, but via Latin. When his name was translated to Latin, initially, it was similar to the Greek, lakobus. But as Latin evolved, lakobus of Latin became another Latin form, Jacobus. As the Latin language progressed, the 'B' changed to an 'M,' and his name was Jacomus. Finally, the Latin Jacomus became the English James."

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James 1:1 Salutation – Jas 1:1 Writer – Jas 1:1a Audience – Jas 1:1b James

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ISRAEL'S JUDGMENTS Division of the kingdom in 931 B.C. (1 Kgs. 12) Assyrian judgment in 722 B.C. (2 Kgs. 17) Babylonian captivity in 586 B.C. (2 Kgs. 25)

Distinctions Between 144,000 & Multitude		
144,000	MULTITUDE	
Revelation 7:1-8	Revelation 7:9-17	
Numbered	Innumerable	
Jews	All nations	
Sealed	Slain	
Sealed <u>before</u> the Tribulation	Converted out of the Tribulation	
Hitchcock and Ice, The Truth Behind Left Behind, 77		

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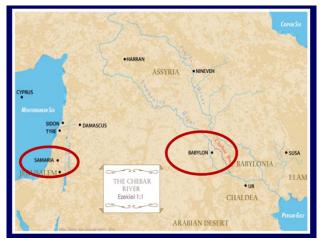


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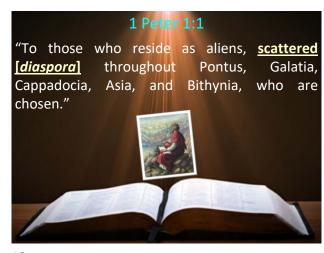
Acts 8:3-4; 11:19 "3 But <u>Saul</u> began ravaging the church, entering house after house, and dragging off men and women, he would put them in prison. ⁴ Therefore, those who had been <u>scattered</u> went about preaching the word...^{11:19} So then those who were <u>scattered</u> because of the persecution that occurred in connection with Stephen made their way to Phoenicia and Cyprus and Antioch, speaking the word to no one except to Jews alone."

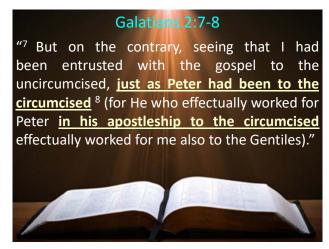


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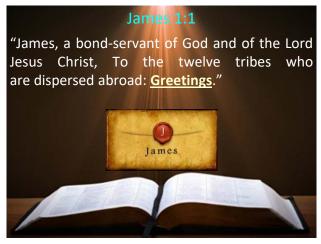


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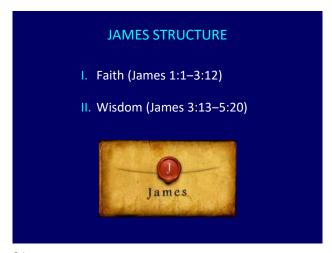




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JAMES STRUCTURE I. Faith (James 1:1–3:12) II. Wisdom (James 3:13–5:20) James

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JAMES STRUCTURE

- Faith (1:1–3:12)
 - ◆ Trials (1:2-18)
 - Obedience to the Word (1:19-27)
 - Favoritism (2:1-13)
 - Faith manifesting works (2:14-26)
 - ◆ Tongue (3:1-12)



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James 1:12-18

- Trials Jas 1:2-18
 - ◆ Rejoicing during trials Jas 1:2-12
 - ◆ Command not to charge God with temptation – Jas 1:13-18



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James 1:12-18

- Trials Jas 1:2-18
 - **♦** Rejoicing during trials Jas 1:2-12
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Why Rejoice During Trials? (Jas 1:2-12)

- Trials produce patience & maturity (1:2-8)
- Trials produce intimacy & dependence upon God (1:9-11)
- Believers will be rewarded for enduring trials (1:12)



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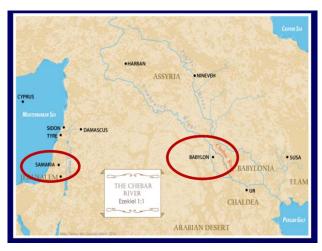
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Acts 8:3-4; 11:19

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31



Lewis Sperry Chafer

Systematic Theology (Grand Rapids, MI: Kregel Publications, 1993), vol. 7, 148.

"In its larger usage, the word faith represents at least four varied ideas: (1) As above, it can be personal confidence in God. This the most common aspect of faith may be subdivided into three features: (a) <u>Saving faith</u>, which is the inwrought confidence in God's promises and provisions respecting the Savior that leads one to elect to repose upon and trust in the One who alone can save. (b) <u>Serving faith</u>, which contemplates as true the fact of divinely bestowed gifts and all details respecting divine appointments for service. This faith is always a personal matter, and so one believer should not become a pattern for another. That such faith with its personal characteristic may be kept inviolate, ...

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Lewis Sperry Chafer

Systematic Theology (Grand Rapids, MI: Kregel Publications, 1993), vol. 7, 148.

"...the Apostle writes: "Hast thou faith? have it to thyself before God" (Rom. 14:22). Great injury may be wrought if one Christian imitates another in matters of appointment for service. (c) Sanctifying or sustaining faith, which lays hold of the power of God for one's daily life. It is the life lived in dependence upon God, working upon a new life-principle (Rom. 6:4). The justified one, having become what he is by faith, must go ahead living on the same principle of utter dependence upon God."

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Scripture's Five Crowns (Rev 4:10: 3:11; 2 John 8)			
SCRIPTURE	CROWN	PURPOSE	
1 Cor. 9:24-27	Incorruptible	Gaining mastery over the flesh	
1 Thess. 2:19-20	Rejoicing	Soul winning	
Jas. 1:12; Rev. 2:10	Life	Enduring trials	
1 Pet. 5:2-4	Glory	Shepherding God's people	
2 Tim. 4:8	Righteousness	Longing for His appearing	

James 1:12-18

- Trials Jas 1:2-18
 - ◆ Rejoicing during trials Jas 1:2-12
 - ◆ Command not to charge God with temptation Jas 1:13-18



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Reasons Why Blaming God is Wrong (Jas 1:13-18)

- Temptation cannot emanate from God (1:13b)
- Temptation comes from man's fallen nature (1:14-15)
- God is the giver of good gifts (1:16-18)



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Zechariah 14:16-18

"Then it will come about that any who are left of all the nations that went against Jerusalem will go up from year to year to worship the King, the LORD of hosts, and to celebrate the Feast of Booths. ¹⁷ And it will be that whichever of the families of the earth does not go up to Jerusalem to worship the King, the LORD of hosts, there will be no rain on them. ¹⁸ If the family of Egypt does not go up or enter, then no rain will fall on them; it will be the plague with which the LORD smites the nations who do not go up to celebrate the Feast of Booths."

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Revelation 20:7-9

"7 When the thousand years are completed, Satan will be released from his prison, 8 and will come out to deceive the nations which are in the four corners of the earth, Gog and Magog, to gather them together for the war; the number of them is like the sand of the seashore. 9 And they came up on the broad plain of the earth and surrounded the camp of the saints and the beloved city, and fire came down from heaven and devoured them."

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43



Benjamin Franklin

June 28, 1787; quoted by Albert Henry Smyth, ed., The Writings of Benjamin Franklin (New York: The Macmillan Company, 1905-7), IX:600-1.

"In this situation of this assembly, groping, as it were, in the dark to find political truth, and scarce able to distinguish it when presented to us, how has it happened, Sir, that we have not hitherto once thought of humbly applying to the-Father of Lights to illuminate our understandings? In the beginning of the contest with Britain, when we were sensible of danger, we had daily prayers in this room for the divine protection. Our prayers, Sir, were heard-and they were graciously answered..."

44



Benjamin Franklin

June 28, 1787; quoted by Albert Henry Smyth, ed., The Writings of Benjamin Franklin (New York: The Macmillan Company, 1905-7), IX:600-1.

"I have lived, Sir, a long time; and the longer I live, the more convincing proofs I see of this truth, that <u>God</u> governs in the affairs of men. And <u>if a sparrow cannot fall to the ground without his notice</u>, is it probable that an empire can rise without his aid? We have been assured, Sir, in the sacred writings that 'except the Lord build the house, they labor in vain that build it."



Benjamin Franklin

June 28, 1787; quoted by Albert Henry Smyth, ed., *The Writings of Benjamin Franklin* (New York: The Macmillan Company, 1905-7), IX:600-1.

"I firmly believe this; and I also believe that, without his concurring aid, we shall succeed in this political building no better than the builders of Babel.... I therefore beg leave to move that, henceforth, prayers imploring the assistance of heaven and its blessings on our deliberations be held in this assembly every morning before we proceed to business, and that one or more of the clergy of this city be requested to officiate in that service."

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CONCLUSION

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James 1:12-18

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