Soteriology Session 23 Dr. Andy Woods Senior Pastor – Sugar Land Bible Church Professor of Bible & Theology – College of Biblical Studies

Soteriology Overview

- I. Definition
- II. Election
- III. Atonement
- IV. Salvation words
- V. God's one condition of salvation
- VI. Results of salvation
- VII. Eternal security
- VIII. Faulty views of salvation

Soteriology Overview

This Session

VII. Eternal Security



Introduction

- Probation?
- Wait until the end of his life?
- Eph. 4:14
- The Bible answers this question
- The Bible cannot contradict itself
- Definition
- Not all who profess faith in Christ actually have it (John 3:18; 5:39-40)
- It matters: 1. productivity, 2. motive, 3. joy
- Preview



Definition of Eternal Security

"Eternal Security means that those who have been *genuinely saved* by God's grace through faith alone in Christ alone shall never be in danger of God's condemnation or loss of salvation but God's grace and power keep them forever saved and secure."

Dennis Rokser, Shall Never Perish Forever, p. 11

Eternal Security Outline

- 1. Eternal security arguments
- 2. Response to problem passages

Eternal Security Outline

- 1. Eternal security arguments
- 2. Response to problem passages

- 1. Because self-righteousness did not save us it is not a basis upon which salvation can be lost
- 2. Salvation is not given or maintained by works
- 3. If a believer can lose eternal life, then how can this life be eternal (John 3:16)?
- 4. The Bible's promises guarantee security (John 10:28)
- 5. The assurance of salvation (1 John 5:14)
- 6. The believer is predestined for glory (Rom 8:29-30)
- 7. The Spirit's seal cannot be broken (Eph 4:30)

- 8. God keeps us from falling (1 Pet 1:4-5)
- 9. Christ's role as intercessor and advocate (John 17:11-12, 20)
- 10. Christ's death perfectly dealt with all sins (Titus 2:14)
- 11. A believer cannot be removed from Christ's body (1 Cor. 12:13)
- 12. The Bible does not specify which sins remove salvation
- 13. Believers with unfruitful lives still have salvation although lose rewards at the Bema Seat (1 Cor 3:15)

Evidence	for	Eternal	Security	V

- Because self-righteousness did not save us it is not a basis upon which salvation can be lost
- 2. Salvation is not given or maintained by works
- 3. If a believer can lose eternal life, then how can this life be eternal (John 3:16)?
- 4. The Bible's promises guarantee security (John 10:28)
- 5. The assurance of salvation (1 John 5:14)
- 6. The believer is predestined for glory (Rom 8:29-30)
- 7. The Spirit's seal cannot be broken (Eph 4:30)

Evidence for Eternal Security

- Because self-righteousness did not save us it is not a basis upon which salvation can be lost
- 2. Salvation is not given or maintained by works
- 3. If a believer can lose eternal life, then how can this life be eternal (John 3:16)?
- 4. The Bible's promises guarantee security (John 10:28)
- 5. The assurance of salvation (1 John 5:14)
- 6. The believer is predestined for glory (Rom 8:29-30)
- 7. The Spirit's seal cannot be broken (Eph 4:30)

- Because self-righteousness did not save us it is not a basis upon which salvation can be lost
- 2. Salvation is not given or maintained by works
- 3. If a believer can lose eternal life, then how can this life be eternal (John 3:16)?
- 4. The Bible's promises guarantee security (John 10:28)
- 5. The assurance of salvation (1 John 5:14)
- 6. The believer is predestined for glory (Rom 8:29-30)
- 7. The Spirit's seal cannot be broken (Eph 4:30)

If a believer can lose eternal life, then how can this life be eternal (John 3:16)?

- John 3:16
- John 5:24
- 1 John 5:13
- "Eternal" (aiōnios) is the same word used to describe God



John 3:16 For God so loved the world, that He gave His only begotten Son, that whoever believes in Him shall not perish, but have eternal life.

Romans 16:26 "but now is manifested, and by the Scriptures of the prophets, according to the commandment of the eternal God, has been made known to all the nations, leading to obedience of faith." (NASB)

- 1. Because self-righteousness did not save us it is not a basis upon which salvation can be lost
- 2. Salvation is not given or maintained by works
- 3. If a believer can lose eternal life, then how can this life be eternal (John 3:16)?
- 4. The Bible's promises guarantee security (John 10:28)
- 5. The assurance of salvation (1 John 5:14)
- 6. The believer is predestined for glory (Rom 8:29-30)
- 7. The Spirit's seal cannot be broken (Eph 4:30)

The Bible's Promises Guarantee Security (John 10:28)

- God's reliability Num. 23:19; Rom. 3:4a;
 2 Cor. 1:20; Titus 1:2; Heb. 6:18; 10:23
- John 4:14
- John 5:24
- John 6:37-40
- John 10:27-30
- Romans 8:28-38
- Heb. 13:5



- 1. Because self-righteousness did not save us it is not a basis upon which salvation can be lost
- 2. Salvation is not given or maintained by works
- 3. If a believer can lose eternal life, then how can this life be eternal (John 3:16)?
- 4. The Bible's promises guarantee security (John 10:28)
- 5. The assurance of salvation (1 John 5:14)
- 6. The believer is predestined for glory (Rom 8:29-30)
- 7. The Spirit's seal cannot be broken (Eph 4:30)

Sugar	Land	Bib	le C	hurc	h

The Assurance Of Salvation Is Possible (1 John 5:14)

- Biblical examples of assurance
 - OT Job 19:25-26; Ps. 23:6
 - Gospels John 5:24; 6:47
 - Acts Acts 16:30-31



- Paul Rom. 5:2; 8:23-24; Col. 1:27; Titus 2:13; 2
 Cor. 5:8; Philip. 1:21-23; 3:20-21; 4:3; Col. 3:4; 2
 Tim. 1:12
- General letters 1 Pet. 1:3-5; Heb. 2:14-15; 1 John 3:1-2; 5:13

"These things I have written to you who believe in the name of the Son of God, so that you may know that you have eternal life." (NASB)

- 1. Because self-righteousness did not save us it is not a basis upon which salvation can be lost
- 2. Salvation is not given or maintained by works
- 3. If a believer can lose eternal life, then how can this life be eternal (John 3:16)?
- 4. The Bible's promises guarantee security (John 10:28)
- 5. The assurance of salvation (1 John 5:14)
- 6. The believer is predestined for glory (Rom 8:29-30)
- 7. The Spirit's seal cannot be broken (Eph 4:30)

C	ıl	D:I-			1_
Sugar	เฉทก	RIN	10 (nurc	n
Jugai	∟ana	טוט		ııuıcı	

Romans 8:29–30 ²⁹For those whom He foreknew, He also predestined to become conformed to the image of His Son, so that He would be the firstborn among many brethren; ³⁰ and these whom He predestined, He also called; and these whom He called, He also justified; and these whom He justified, He also glorified. (NASB95)

Evidence for Eternal Security

- Because self-righteousness did not save us it is not a basis upon which salvation can be lost
- 2. Salvation is not given or maintained by works
- 3. If a believer can lose eternal life, then how can this life be eternal (John 3:16)?
- 4. The Bible's promises guarantee security (John 10:28)
- 5. The assurance of salvation (1 John 5:14)
- 6. The believer is predestined for glory (Rom 8:29-30)
- 7. The Spirit's seal cannot be broken (Eph 4:30)

Ephesians 4:30 "Do not grieve the Holy Spirit of God, by whom you were sealed for the day of redemption." (NASB95)

- 8. God keeps us from falling (1 Pet 1:4-5)
- 9. Christ's role as intercessor and advocate (John 17:11-12, 20)
- 10. Christ's death perfectly dealt with all sins (Titus 2:14)
- 11. A believer cannot be removed from Christ's body (1 Cor. 12:13)
- 12. The Bible does not specify which sins remove salvation
- 13. Believers with unfruitful lives still have salvation although lose rewards at the Bema Seat (1 Cor 3:15)

1 Peter 1:3-6

"Blessed be the God and Father of our Lord Jesus Christ, who according to His great mercy has caused us to be born again to a living hope through the resurrection of Jesus Christ from the dead, ⁴ to obtain an inheritance which is imperishable and undefiled and will not fade away, reserved in heaven for you, ⁵ who are protected by the power of God through faith for a salvation ready to be revealed in the last time. ⁶ In this you greatly rejoice, even though now for a little while, if necessary, you have been distressed by various trials."

- 8. God keeps us from falling (1 Pet 1:4-5)
- 9. Christ's role as intercessor and advocate (John 17:11-12, 20)
- 10. Christ's death perfectly dealt with all sins (Titus 2:14)
- 11. A believer cannot be removed from Christ's body (1 Cor. 12:13)
- 12. The Bible does not specify which sins remove salvation
- 13. Believers with unfruitful lives still have salvation although lose rewards at the Bema Seat (1 Cor 3:15)

-		D:I	_		
Sugar	เฉทต	RIN	10 (nurci	n
Jugai	Lanu	טוט		nunci	

Christ Our Intercessor and Advocate

- Intercessor
 - John 17:11-12, 20
 - > Judas?
 - > Answered?
 - Romans 8:26, 34
 - Hebrews 7:24-25



Christ Our Intercessor and Advocate

- Advocate
 - 1 John 2:1
 - Needed?
 - > Job 1:8-11
 - > Zech. 3:1
 - > Luke 22:31-32
 - > Rev. 12:10



- 8. God keeps us from falling (1 Pet 1:4-5)
- 9. Christ's role as intercessor and advocate (John 17:11-12, 20)
- 10. Christ's death perfectly dealt with all sins (Titus 2:14)
- 11. A believer cannot be removed from Christ's body (1 Cor. 12:13)
- 12. The Bible does not specify which sins remove salvation
- 13. Believers with unfruitful lives still have salvation although lose rewards at the Bema Seat (1 Cor 3:15)

Christ's Death Perfectly Dealt With All Sins

- Ps. 103:12
- Acts 10:43
- Titus 2:14
- Col. 2:10, 13
- Heb. 9:12
- John 19:30



Finality of the Atonement

Finality communicated by:

- Sat down
 - ➤ Col 3:1
 - Hebrews (Jewish readers) 1:3; 8:1; 10:12; 12:1-2
 - > Rev 3:21
- One time (hapax) Heb 9:12,26; 10:10, 12, 14
- Finished (teleō) John 19:30

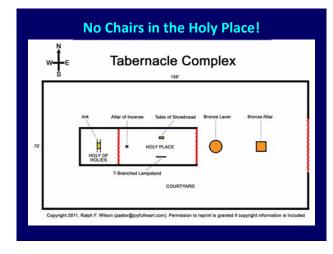


Finality of the Atonement

Finality communicated by:

- Sat down
 - ➤ Col 3:1
 - Hebrews (Jewish readers) 1:3; 8:1; 10:12; 12:1-2
 - > Rev 3:21
- One time (hapax) Heb 9:12,26; 10:10, 12, 14
- Finished (teleō) John 19:30

	and Williams	
L	Et all	
Ŋ	20	



Finality of the Atonement

Finality communicated by:

- Sat down
 - ➤ Col 3:1
 - Hebrews (Jewish readers)1:3; 8:1; 10:12; 12:1-2
 - > Rev 3:21
- One time (hapax) Heb 9:12,
 26; 10:10, 12, 14
- Finished ($tele\bar{o}$) John 19:30

Finality of the Atonement

Finality communicated by:

- Sat down
 - > Col 3:1
 - Hebrews (Jewish readers)1:3; 8:1; 10:12; 12:1-2
 - > Rev 3:21
- One time (hapax) Heb 9:12,26; 10:10, 12, 14
- **Finished** ($tele\bar{o}$) John 19:30

П	200	100
Ш		N. A.
Ш	AT THE PARTY.	
N		
		1

- 8. God keeps us from falling (1 Pet 1:4-5)
- 9. Christ's role as intercessor and advocate (John 17:11-12, 20)
- 10. Christ's death perfectly dealt with all sins (Titus 2:14)
- 11. A believer cannot be removed from Christ's body (1 Cor. 12:13)
- 12. The Bible does not specify which sins remove salvation
- 13. Believers with unfruitful lives still have salvation although lose rewards at the Bema Seat (1 Cor 3:15)

Undoing of Birth-Positional Truths

- Baptism (1 Cor. 12:13)
- Spiritual birth (John 1:12-13;
 3:3; Jas. 1:18; 1 Pet. 1:23)



- Gift (Eph. 2:8-9; Rom. 11:29)
- "Have been saved" (Eph. 2:8-9)

Undoing of Birth-Positional Truths

- Baptism (1 Cor. 12:13)
- Spiritual birth (John 1:12-13; 3:3; Jas. 1:18; 1 Pet. 1:23)



- Gift (Eph. 2:8-9; Rom. 11:29)
- "Have been saved" (Eph. 2:8-9)

Undoing of Birth-Positional Truths

- Baptism (1 Cor. 12:13)
- <u>Spiritual birth</u> (John 1:12-13;
 3:3; Jas. 1:18; 1 Pet. 1:23)



- Gift (Eph. 2:8-9; Rom. 11:29)
- "Have been saved" (Eph. 2:8-9)

Undoing of Birth-Positional Truths

- Baptism (1 Cor. 12:13)
- Spiritual birth (John 1:12-13; 3:3; Jas. 1:18; 1 Pet. 1:23)



- Gift (Eph. 2:8-9; Rom. 11:29)
- "Have been saved" (Eph. 2:8-9)

"8For by grace you have been saved through faith; and that not of yourselves, it is the gift of God; 9not as a result of works, so that no one may boast." (NASB)

Undoing of Birth-Positional Truths

- Baptism (1 Cor. 12:13)
- Spiritual birth (John 1:12-13;
 3:3; Jas. 1:18; 1 Pet. 1:23)



- Gift (Eph. 2:8-9; Rom. 11:29)
- "Have been saved" (Eph. 2:8-9)

"8For by grace you have been saved through faith; and that not of yourselves, it is the gift of God; 9not as a result of works, so that no one may boast." (NASB)

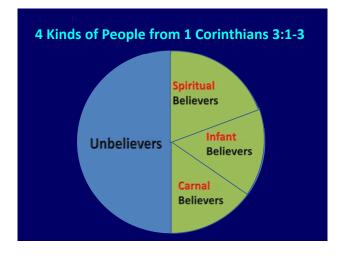
- 8. God keeps us from falling (1 Pet 1:4-5)
- 9. Christ's role as intercessor and advocate (John 17:11-12, 20)
- 10. Christ's death perfectly dealt with all sins (Titus 2:14)
- 11. A believer cannot be removed from Christ's body (1 Cor. 12:13)
- 12. The Bible does not specify which sins remove salvation
- 13. Believers with unfruitful lives still have salvation although lose rewards at the Bema Seat (1 Cor 3:15)

"My sheep hear My voice, and I know them, and they follow Me; ²⁸ and I give eternal life to them, and they will never perish [ou mē; aiōnia]; and no one will snatch them out of My hand. ²⁹ My Father, who has given them to Me, is greater than all; and no one is able to snatch them out of the Father's hand." (NASB)

"The steps of a man are established by the Lord, and He delights in his way. When he falls, he will not be hurled headlong, because the Lord is the One who holds his hand." (NASB)

- 8. God keeps us from falling (1 Pet 1:4-5)
- 9. Christ's role as intercessor and advocate (John 17:11-12, 20)
- 10. Christ's death perfectly dealt with all sins (Titus 2:14)
- 11. A believer cannot be removed from Christ's body (1 Cor. 12:13)
- 12. The Bible does not specify which sins remove salvation
- 13. <u>Believers with unfruitful lives still have salvation</u>
 <u>although lose rewards at the Bema Seat (1 Cor 3:15)</u>

YIELDING TO THE OLD (SIN) NATURE			
BELIEVER'S CONSEQUENCES	PASSAGE(S)		
Lack of power	(Gal 5:16; 1 Thess. 5:19)		
Grieving the Holy Spirit	(Eph 4:30-32)		
Loss of joy	(Ps. 51:4, 12; Gal. 5:22-23)		
Loss of spiritual sight	(2 Pet. 1:8-10; Luke 15:18-19)		
Lack of growth	(1 Pet. 2:1-2)		
Carnality	(1 Cor 3:1-3)		
Unfruitfulness	(John 15:5, 8)		
Lack of purpose	(Eccles. 1:2-3, 8; Mark 8:35)		
Lack of stability	(Gal. 3:3; 2 Tim. 2:17; 2 Pet. 3:17)		



4 Kinds of People from 1 Corinthians 3:1-4



¹ And I, brethren, could not speak to you as to <u>spiritual</u> people but as to <u>carnal</u>, as to <u>babes</u> in Christ. ² I fed you with milk and not with solid food; for until now you were not able to receive it, and even now you are still not able; ³ for you are still carnal. For where there are envy, strife, and divisions among you, are you not carnal and behaving like mere <u>men</u>? ⁴ For when one says, "I am of Paul," and another, "I am of Apollos," are you not carnal?(NKJV)

Seven Truths About Carnality (1 Cor. 3:1-4)

- 1. Carnality hinders one's **growth** but never his **position** in Christ (1 Cor. 3:1)
- 2. Carnality affects one's <u>desire</u> and <u>ability</u> to take in and digest the Word of God (1 Cor. 3:2)
- 3. Carnality may be due to <u>weakness</u> or <u>willfulness</u> (1 Cor. 3:1-3)
- 4. Carnality is not automatically connected with time (1 Cor. 3:3)

Dennis Rokser, Shall Never Perish, p. 188

Seven Truths About Carnality (1 Cor. 3:1-4)

- 5. Carnality is evidenced by the <u>works of the flesh</u> in your life (1 Cor. 3:3)
- 6. Carnality is oftentimes characterized by <u>self</u> <u>deception</u> (1 Cor. 3:3-4)
- 7. Carnality in the believer's life causes him to walk like an <u>unbeliever</u> (1 Cor. 3:3)

Dennis Rokser, Shall Never Perish, p. 188

YIELDING TO THE OLD (SIN) NATURE		
BELIEVER'S CONSEQUENCES	PASSAGE(S)	
Lack of power	(Gal 5:16; 1 Thess. 5:19)	
Grieving the Holy Spirit	(Eph 4:30-32)	
Loss of joy	(Ps. 51:4, 12; Gal. 5:22-23)	
Loss of spiritual sight	(2 Pet. 1:8-10; Luke 15:18-19)	
Lack of growth	(1 Pet. 2:1-2)	
Carnality	(1 Cor 3:1-3)	
Unfruitfulness	(John 15:5, 8)	
Lack of purpose	(Eccles. 1:2-3, 8; Mark 8:35)	
Lack of stability	(Gal. 3:3; 2 Tim. 2:17; 2 Pet. 3:17)	
	(=====, ===============================	

Sugar Land Bible (Ciluic	•
--------------------	--------	---

YIELDING TO THE OLD (SIN) NATURE			
BELIEVER'S CONSEQUENCES	PASSAGE(S)		
Conviction	(2 Pet 2:7-8; Ps 32:1-5)		
Divine discipline	(Heb 12:5-11)		
Premature death	(Acts 5:1-11; 1 Cor 11:30; 1 John 5:16; Rev 2:22-23)		
Loss of reward	(1 Cor 3:15; 9:27; 2 John 8; Rev 3:11)		
Loss of fellowship	(1 John 1:9)		
Excommunication	(1 Cor 5:4-5; Matt 18:15-17)		
Temporal consequences	(Gal 6:7-8)		
Unanswered prayer	(Ps 66:18; 1 Pet 3:7)		
Loss of testimony	(Gen 19:14)		
Loss of leadership privileges	(1 Tim 3:1-13; 2 Sam. 12)		

Scripture's Five Crowns (Rev 4:10: 3:11; 2 John 8)					
<u>Scripture</u>	<u>Crown</u>	<u>Purpose</u>			
1 Cor 9:24-27	Incorruptible	Gaining mastery over the flesh			
1 Thess 2:19-20	Rejoicing	Soul winning			
Jas 1:12; Rev 2:10	Life	Enduring trials			
1 Pet 5:2-4	Glory	Shepherding God's people			
2 Tim 4:8	Righteousness	Longing for His appearing			

YIELDING TO THE OLD (SIN) NATURE					
BELIEVER'S CONSEQUENCES	PASSAGE(S)				
Conviction	(2 Pet 2:7-8; Ps 32:1-5)				
Divine discipline	(Heb 12:5-11)				
Premature death	(Acts 5:1-11; 1 Cor 11:30; 1 John 5:16; Rev 2:22-23)				
Loss of reward	(1 Cor 3:15; 9:27; 2 John 8; Rev 3:11)				
Loss of fellowship	(1 John 1:9)				
Excommunication	(1 Cor 5:4-5; Matt 18:15-17)				
Temporal consequences	(Gal 6:7-8)				
Unanswered prayer	(Ps 66:18; 1 Pet 3:7)				
Loss of testimony	(Gen 19:14)				
Loss of leadership privileges	(1 Tim 3:1-13; 2 Sam. 12)				

CONCLUSION

Evidence for Eternal Security

- Because self-righteousness did not save us it is not a basis upon which salvation can be lost
- 2. Salvation is not given or maintained by works
- 3. If a believer can lose eternal life, then how can this life be eternal (John 3:16)?
- 4. The Bible's promises guarantee security (John 10:28)
- 5. The assurance of salvation (1 John 5:14)
- 6. The believer is predestined for glory (Rom 8:29-30)
- 7. The Spirit's seal cannot be broken (Eph 4:30)

- 8. God keeps us from falling (1 Pet 1:4-5)
- 9. Christ's role as intercessor and advocate (John 17:11-12, 20)
- 10. Christ's death perfectly dealt with all sins (Titus 2:14)
- 11. A believer cannot be removed from Christ's body (1 Cor. 12:13)
- 12. The Bible does not specify which sins remove salvation
- 13. Believers with unfruitful lives still have salvation although lose rewards at the Bema Seat (1 Cor 3:15)

Evidence	tor	Eternai	Secur	π